PROJECT DEVELOPMENT & ENVIRONMENT AIR QUALITY SCREENING ANALYSIS TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM

POINCIANA PARKWAY EXTENSION (CR 538)

from POINCIANA PARKWAY TO CR 532

Osceola and Polk Counties, Florida

CFX Project Number: 599-224

Prepared For:

CENTRAL FLORIDA EXPRESSWAY AUTHORITY

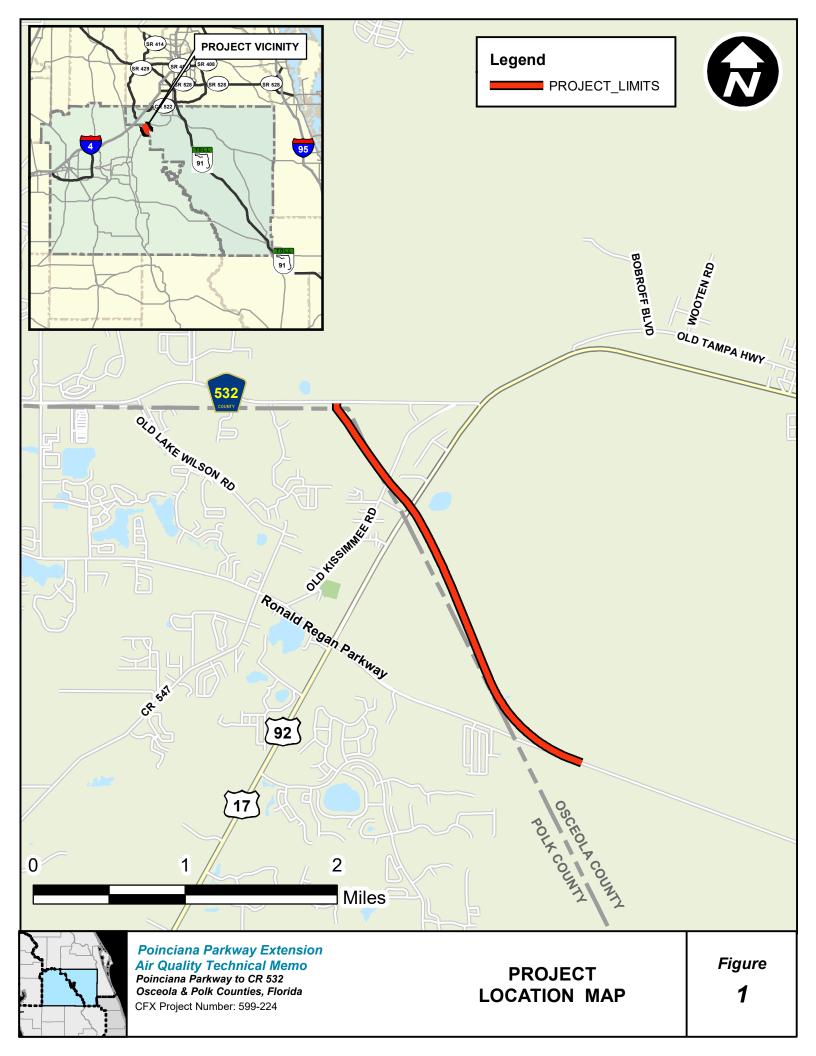


July 2019

The Poinciana Parkway Extension is a proposed tolled expressway improvement project that includes extending Poinciana Parkway (SR 538), from the northern end of the existing bridge over the Reedy Creek Mitigation Bank to CR 532 (Osceola Polk Line Road). The study area of this Project Development and Environment (PD&E) Study includes portions of Osceola County and Polk County, Florida. A project location map is provided on **Figure 1**. The Poinciana Parkway Extension is approximately 3 miles in length.

An air quality review of the subject project was conducted following standard Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) procedures. This project is located in Osceola and Polk Counties, which have been designated as attainment for all the air quality standards under the criteria provided in the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990, and as such, conformity does not apply.

To ensure that no air quality standard violations will result from the construction and operation of this project, the FDOT Air Quality Screening Model, CO Florida 2012, was used to evaluate a representative interchange location. The CO Florida 2012 Screening Model uses information from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Motor Vehicle Emission Simulator (MOVES) version 2010a and CAL3QHC to produce an estimate of the carbon monoxide (CO) levels that might result from the operation of the project. The interchange of Poinciana Parkway and US 17/92 was utilized as a representative site based on the high traffic volumes associated with US 17/92. Based on the input values shown in **Table 1**, receptors placed in close proximity to the interchange of the proposed Poinciana Parkway and US 17/92 were modeled to evaluate maximum one- and eight-hour CO concentrations. The results are provided in **Table 2**.



oundNorthboundSouthboundSpeed (mph)50NANA55
50 NA NA 55
5 745 745 45
A 1910 1910 45

Table 1 - CO Florida 2012 Input Data *

 Table 2 - Predicted Maximum One- and Eight-Hour CO Concentrations

		Maximum CO Concentration (ppm) [*]		
	Scenario	1-Hour	8-Hour	
Year	Build	5.6	3.4	
* Parts per Million		<u> </u>		

As shown in Table 2, the operations of the proposed facility are anticipated to result in maximum one-hour CO concentrations of 5.6 ppm and maximum eight-hour CO concentrations of 3.4 ppm. Since these values do not exceed the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) established by the EPA of 35 ppm for a one-hour concentration and 9 ppm for an eight-hour concentration, no adverse air quality impact is predicted from the operation of this project. The CO Florida 2012 Screening Model output files are attached as **Appendix A**.

Construction activities may cause minor short-term air quality impacts in the form of dust from earthwork and unpaved roads. These impacts can be minimized by adherence to all applicable State regulations and application of appropriate construction specifications.

Appendix A CO Florida 2012 Data

CO Florida 2012 - Results Wednesday, June 5, 2019

Project Description

Project Title	Poinciana Parkway Extension PD&E Study				
Facility Name	Poinciana Parkway				
User's Name	Jeff Jones				
Run Name	17-92 Screening				
FDOT District	5				
Year	2019				
Intersection Type	E-W Diar	mond			
Speed	Arterial	45 mph	Freeway	55 mph	
Approach Traffic	Arterial	1910 vph	Freeway	1850 vph	

Environmental Data

Temperature	47.8 °F
Reid Vapor Pressure	13.3 psi
Land Use	Suburban
Stability Class	D
Surface Roughness	108 cm
1 Hr. Background Concentration	3.3 ppm
8 Hr. Background Concentration	2.0 ppm

Results (ppm, including background CO)					
	Max 1-Hr				
1	5.0	3.0			
2	5.1	3.1			
3	5.1	3.1			
4	4.1	2.5			
5	4.4	2.6			
6	5.1	3.1			
7	4.5	2.7			
8	5.6	3.4			
9	5.2	3.1			
10	5.1	3.1			
11	5.2	3.1			
12	5.2	3.1			
13	5.1	3.1			
14	4.0	2.4			
15	4.4	2.6			
16	5.1	3.1			
17	4.5	2.7			
18	5.3	3.2			
19	5.4	3.2			
20	5.0	3.0			

NO EXCEEDANCES OF NAAQ STANDARDS ARE PREDICTED